

## Environmental Product Declaration

*In accordance with ISO 14025:2006 and  
EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021*

### **DENAX (DPG) - 98% powder / 96,5% oiled granules and powder**

*EPD of specific product*



Programme:	National Environmental Labelling Program
Programme operator:	Ministry of the Environment of the Czech Republic
Date of publication:	07.10.2025
Date of revision:	-
Date of validity:	06.10.2030

## General information

Programme	National Environmental Labelling Program
Adress	 Ministry of the Environment of the Czech Republic Vršovická 1442/65 Prague 10, 100 10, Czech Republic
Website	<a href="http://www.cenia.cz">www.cenia.cz</a> , <a href="http://www.ekoznacka.cz">www.ekoznacka.cz</a>

<b>Accountabilities for PCR, LCA and independent, third-party verification</b>
<b>Product Category Rules (PCR)</b>
CEN standard EN 15804 serves as the core Product Category Rules (PCR)
EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021
Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External <input type="checkbox"/> Internal

<b>Life Cycle Assessment (LCA)</b>
LCA accountability: Luboš Nobilis, THC SERVIS s.r.o.. Revoluční 1082/8 110 00 Praha 1 - Nové Město, Czech Republic, <a href="mailto:info@thcs.cz">info@thcs.cz</a>
<b>Third-party verification</b>
Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006, via: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EPD verification by an individual verifier Third-party verifier: Prof. Ing. Vladimír Kočí, Ph.D., MBA; LCA Studio; Šárecká 1962/5, 160 00 Prague 6, Czech Republic, <a href="mailto:vladimir.koci@lcastudio.cz">vladimir.koci@lcastudio.cz</a>
Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier: <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

The EPD owner has sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD.

EPDs within the same product category but registered in different EPD programmes, or not compliant with EN 15804, may not be comparable. For two EPDs to be comparable, they must be based on the same PCR (including the same version number) or be based on fully-aligned PCRs or versions of PCRs; cover products with identical functions, technical performances and use (e.g. identical declared/functional units); have equivalent system boundaries and descriptions of data; apply equivalent data quality requirements, methods of data collection, and allocation methods; apply identical cut-off rules and impact assessment methods (including the same version of characterisation factors); have equivalent content declarations; and be valid at the time of comparison. For further information about comparability, see EN 15804 and ISO 14025.

## Company information

Manufacturing company and EPD owner	Lučební závody Draslovka a.s. Kolín Havlíčková 605, 280 02 Kolín IV Czech Republic Registration N°: 46357351 VAT N°: CZ46357351
Production site and address	Havlíčková 605, 280 02 Kolín IV Czech Republic
Contacts	Person: Simona Coufalová, Head of Environment and Management Systems Department Phone: +420 601 349 609 E-mail: <a href="mailto:simona.coufalova@draslovka.com">simona.coufalova@draslovka.com</a> Web: <a href="https://www.draslovka.com/">https://www.draslovka.com/</a>

Draslovka is a chemical technologies, products and services company creating value and improving sustainability in several industries, including mining, agriculture and manufacturing.

Today, Draslovka is best known as the world's largest producer of sodium cyanide, a chemical vital for gold mining. However, its most important contribution to the sector is Glycine Leaching Technology, the company's proprietary technology that leaches metals in a more sustainable and economical manner. Draslovka also manufactures other specialist chemicals and reagents and provides class-leading chemical application services to the mining and pest control industries, as well as AI-enabled support services.



## Product information

DiPhenylGuanidine is a vulcanisation agent that increases the rigidity of natural rubber. This chemical sees its greatest use in the tyre industry, where high-performance rubber is essential.



Parameter	Unit	Value
Chemical formula	-	C <sub>13</sub> H <sub>13</sub> N <sub>3</sub>
Molecular weight	g/mol	211,26
CAS No.		102-06-7
Density	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1,13
Melting point	°C	149
Appearance	-	grey-white crystal/powder
Odour	-	faint odour

## Content declaration

Product components	(kg)	Post-consumer recycled material*	Biogenic material, weight-% and kg C/DU
1,3 - Diphenylguanidine	≥ 0.975	0	0
Others (water, mineral oil)	≤ 0.025	0	0
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>
Packaging materials	(kg)	Weight-% (vs product)	Weight biogenic carbon, kg C/DU
Var. 1. / 50 kg / composite bag (PE + paper)			
Paper bag	0.0007	0.07%	3.15E-04
LDPE foil inside	0.0001	0.01%	0
TOTAL var. 1	0.0008	0.08%	3.15E-04
Var. 2. / 900 kg / big bag			
PP big bag	0.0028	0.28%	0
TOTAL var. 2	0.0028	0.28%	0

Note: There are no dangerous substances from the candidate list of SVHC for authorisation in this product

## Biogenic carbon content

BIOGENIC CARBON CONTENT <i>per 1 kg of product</i>	
Biogenic carbon content in the product	0
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging – composite bag	3.15E-04 kg
Biogenic carbon content in accompanying packaging – big bag	0

UN CPC code: 3427 Cyanides, cyanide oxides and complex cyanides; fulminates, cyanates and thiocyanates; silicates; borates; perborates; salts of oxometallic or peroxometallic acids

## LCA information

Declared unit:	<b>1 kg of DENAX (DPG) - 98% powder / 96,5% oiled granules and powder made by Draslovka Kolín a.s.</b>
Reference service life:	not applicable
Time representativeness:	2023
Database(s) and LCA software used:	Ecoinvent 3.11 (using the EN15804 proc./cut off model), Simapro v. 9.6 EN 15804 reference package based on EF 3.1 ( <a href="https://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/LCDN/developerEF.html">https://eplca.jrc.ec.europa.eu/LCDN/developerEF.html</a> )
Cut-off rules:	Neglected flow in all modules is less than 1% of the energy use and total mass.
Allocation method:	The product model includes the specific material composition and energy and fuel consumption for the specific product processing (production takes place in separately monitored facilities).  For common inputs (fuels for internal transport, electricity and natural gas for administration and common areas, waste production and air emissions), a weight allocation related to the total annual production (t) was used.  Economic allocation was used to account for heat from exothermic reactions sold outside the product system. Production is on one site in different sections.
Description of system boundaries:	The type of EPD is Cradle to Gate with modules C1-C4 and module D: Modules A1-A3, C1-C4, and D
Infrastructure/capital goods:	Infrastructure is part of the genetic processes used for upstream and downstream. Infrastructure was not considered for the Core phase

## Life Cycle Phases

### Production stage (A1-A3)

The A1 module contains primarily the production of chemicals for the production of DPG. These are aniline, sodium hydroxide, chlorine, ammonia and hydrogen cyanide made also in the Draslovka site, mainly from methane (extracted from natural gas).

Phase A2 includes the transportation of the above-mentioned materials to production in phase A3 and internal transport (fuel consumption).

In production (A3), the chemical processes for DPG and hydrogen cyanide take place. This is related to the consumption of electricity, natural gas and residual gas energy use with air emissions production.

Two variants of packaging are used for product: composite bag (PE + paper) or PP bigbag.

Production generates waste from production (sludge, etc.) and waste packaging (plastics, paper and cardboard, mixed).

GWP-GHG from the production of electricity: 0.66 kgCO<sub>2</sub>eq/kWh (Czech residual mix, contains: 50,8 % of fossil fuels, 42.8 % of nuclear, 6,4 % of renewable sources)

***Transport to construction stage (A4)***

*Not declared.*

***Construction-Installation (A5)***

*Not declared.*

***Use stage (B1-B7)***

*Not declared.*

**End-of-Life stage (C1-C4)**

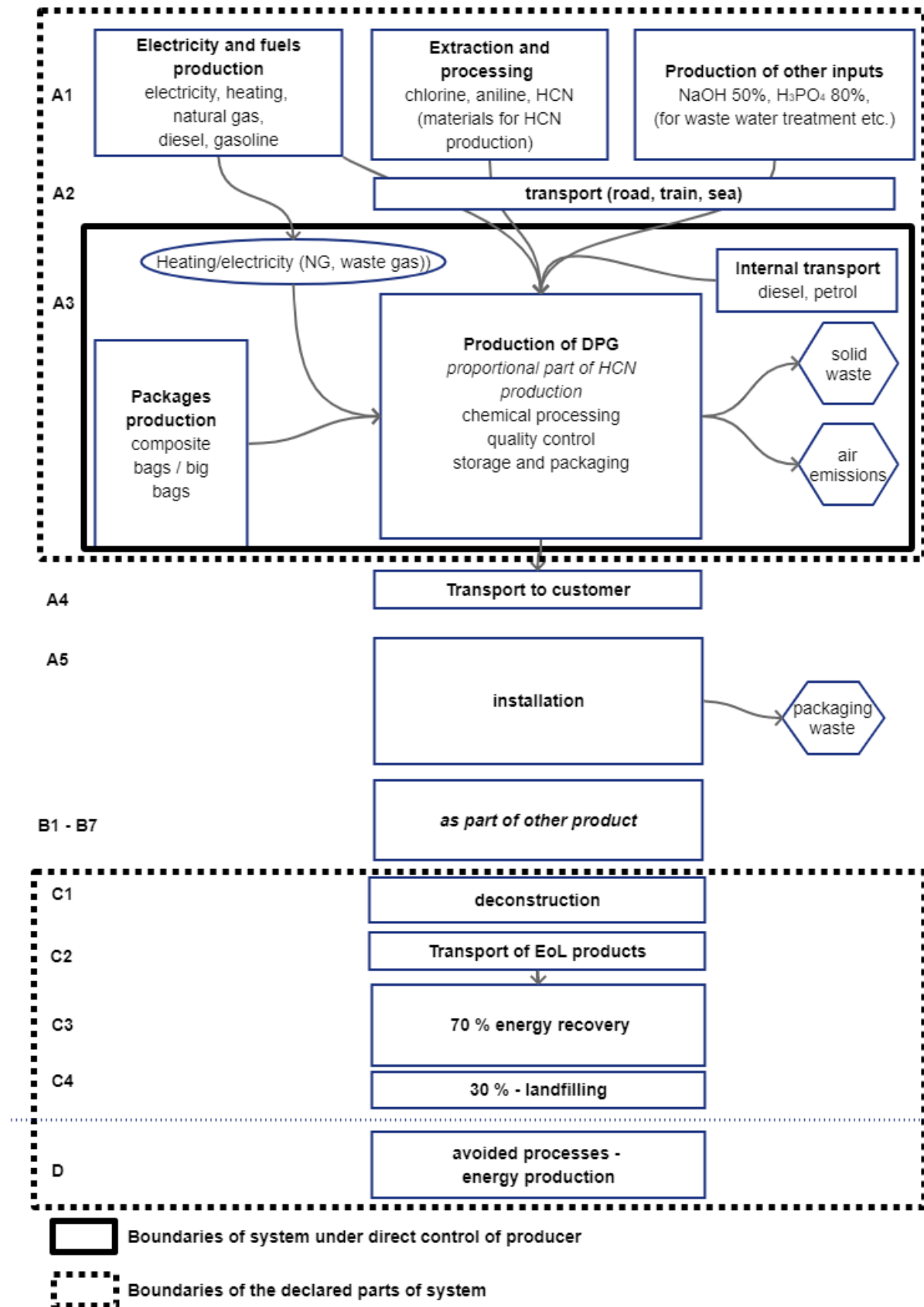
The C1 module is expected with no inputs or outputs. In the C2 module, transport for energy use (70% of EoL product weight in module C3) and landfilling (30% of EoL product weight in module C4) at a distance of 50 km are considered.

**Benefits and loads (D) - Future Reuse, Recycling or Energy Recovery Potentials**

Beyond the system boundary, the avoidance of primary electricity and heat is considered (3.25 MJ of electricity and 6.36 MJ of heat per 1 kg of EoL product are considered).



## System diagram





## LCA Results information

	Product stage			Construction stage		Use stage	End of life stage				Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction-Installation process	Use Maintenance Repair Replacement Refurbishment Operational energy use Operational water use	De-construction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-recovery
<b>Module</b>	<b>A1</b>	<b>A2</b>	<b>A3</b>	<b>A4</b>	<b>A5</b>	<b>B1 - B7</b>	<b>C1</b>	<b>C2</b>	<b>C3</b>	<b>C4</b>	<b>D</b>
<b>Modules declared</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>ND</b>	<b>ND</b>	<b>ND</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>
<b>Geography</b>	<b>EU</b>	<b>EU</b>	<b>CZ</b>	-	-	-	<b>GLO</b>	<b>GLO</b>	<b>GLO</b>	<b>GLO</b>	<b>GLO</b>
<b>Specific data</b>	<b>≥ 90 %</b>			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Variation - products</b>	<b>0 %</b>			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Variation - sites</b>	<b>0 %</b>			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<i>X – module declared</i> <i>ND – module not declared</i>										

In accordance with EN 15804+A2:2019/AC:2021, the environmental impacts are declared using the EC-JRC basic characterisation factors (reference package based on EF 3.1). Specific data are derived from the operation, and general data are derived from the Ecoinvent database.

The estimated impact results are only relative data that do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, threshold exceedances, safety margins or risks.

All emissions to air, water and land and all materials and energy used have been included in the calculation.

Note: It is not recommended to use the results of modules A1-A3 without taking into account the results of module C.

### CORE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS *per 1 kg of DPG*

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3 bigbag	A1-A3 cans	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Climate change - Total	kg CO2 eq	7.59E+00	7.60E+00	0.00E+00	9.51E-03	2.21E+00	2.80E-02	-4.58E-01
Climate change - Fossil	kg CO2 eq	7.55E+00	7.56E+00	0.00E+00	9.50E-03	2.21E+00	2.80E-02	-4.50E-01
Climate change – Biogenic	kg CO2 eq	3.22E-02	3.47E-02	0.00E+00	6.41E-06	2.69E-04	2.76E-05	-7.86E-03
Climate change - Land use and LU change	kg CO2 eq	3.13E-03	3.13E-03	0.00E+00	3.16E-06	9.53E-06	2.01E-06	-6.39E-04
Ozone depletion	kg CFC11 eq	2.19E-07	2.19E-07	0.00E+00	1.89E-10	6.66E-10	8.73E-11	-1.38E-08
Acidification	mol H+ eq	3.77E-02	3.78E-02	0.00E+00	1.98E-05	3.06E-04	2.54E-05	-1.19E-03
Eutrophication, freshwater	kg P eq	1.37E-03	1.37E-03	0.00E+00	6.43E-07	5.73E-06	3.81E-07	-1.82E-04
Eutrophication, marine	kg N eq	5.24E-03	5.24E-03	0.00E+00	4.75E-06	1.22E-04	6.31E-04	-2.48E-04
Eutrophication, terrestrial	mol N eq	6.26E-02	6.26E-02	0.00E+00	5.13E-05	1.32E-03	1.02E-04	-2.28E-03
Photochemical ozone formation	kg NMVOC eq	2.34E-02	2.34E-02	0.00E+00	3.29E-05	3.44E-04	4.06E-05	-9.82E-04
Resource use, fossils*	MJ	5.18E-05	5.18E-05	0.00E+00	3.09E-08	8.67E-08	7.46E-09	-2.75E-07
Resource use, minerals and metals*	kg Sb eq	1.21E+02	1.21E+02	0.00E+00	1.34E-01	3.22E-01	7.55E-02	-8.77E+00
Water use*	m3 depriv.	3.84E+00	3.84E+00	0.00E+00	7.54E-04	9.10E-02	-4.77E-02	-1.68E-01

*The estimated impact results are only relative statements, which do not indicate the endpoints of the impact categories, exceeding threshold values, safety margins and/or risks.*

*\* Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.*

## ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS *per 1 kg of DPG*

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3 bigbag	A1-A3 cans	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Particulate matter	disease inc.	2.44E-07	2.44E-07	0.00E+00	6.99E-10	1.56E-09	5.48E-10	-4.59E-09
Human toxicity, non-cancer*	CTUh	1.11E-07	1.11E-07	0.00E+00	8.65E-11	6.41E-10	6.74E-10	-1.92E-09
Human toxicity, cancer*	CTUh	4.09E-08	4.09E-08	0.00E+00	6.75E-11	2.25E-10	2.13E-11	-7.80E-10
Ecotoxicity, freshwater	CTUe	2.85E+02	2.85E+02	0.00E+00	3.64E-02	3.71E+00	1.05E+00	-7.22E-01
Land use*	Pt	1.55E+01	1.52E+01	0.00E+00	8.07E-02	1.06E-01	1.74E-01	-8.71E-01
Ionising radiation**	kBq U-235 eq	5.78E-01	5.79E-01	0.00E+00	1.73E-04	1.24E-03	8.22E-05	-1.36E-01

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*\* Disclaimer: The results of this environmental impact indicator shall be used with care as the uncertainties of these results are high or as there is limited experience with the indicator.*

*\*\* Disclaimer: This impact category deals mainly with the eventual impact of low dose ionising radiation on human health of the nuclear fuel cycle. It does not consider effects due to possible nuclear accidents, occupational exposure nor due to radioactive waste disposal in underground facilities. Potential ionising radiation from the soil, from radon and from some construction materials is also not measured by this indicator.*

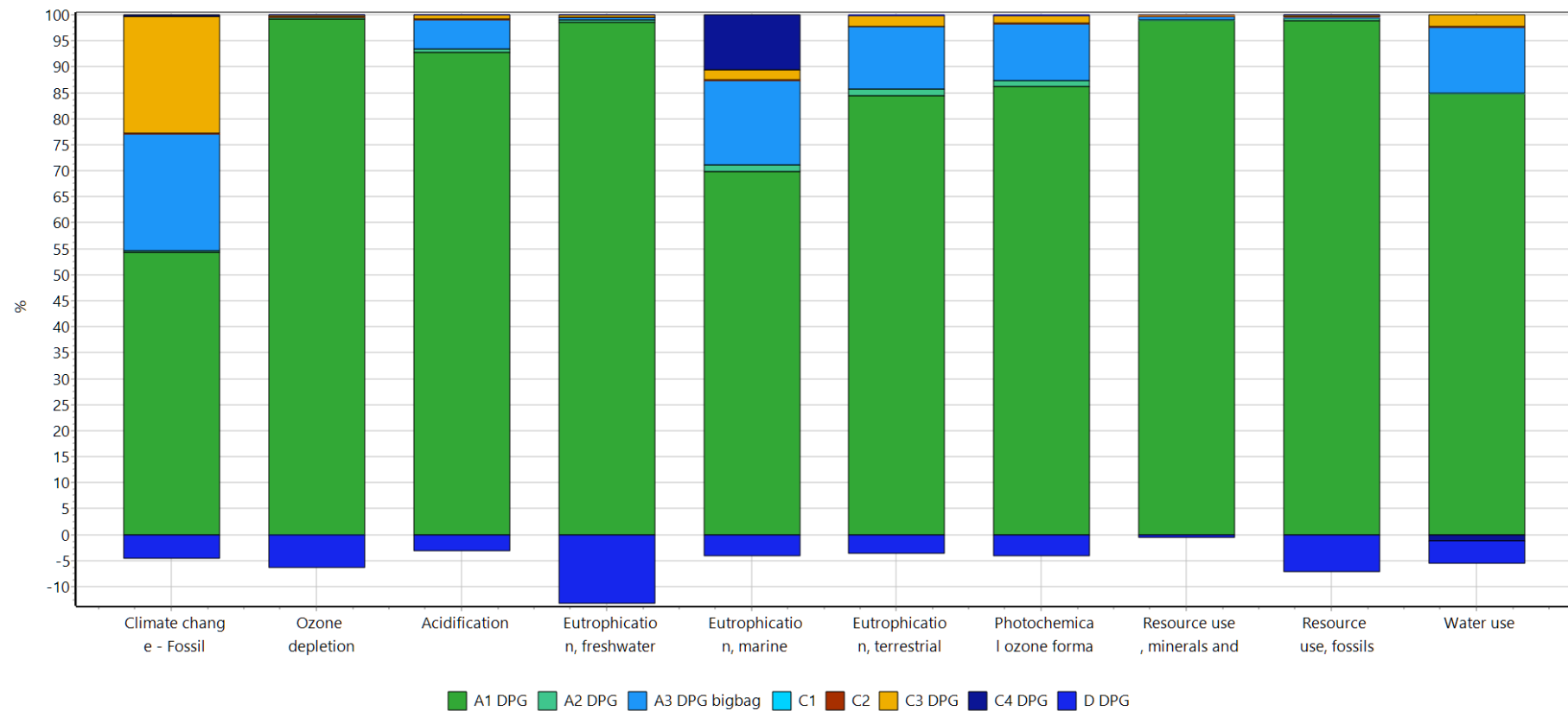
## USE OF RESOURCES *per 1 kg of DPG*

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3 bigbag	A1-A3 cans	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	5.43E+00	5.38E+00	0.00E+00	2.29E-03	1.82E-02	1.20E-03	-1.16E+00
Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Total use of renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	MJ, net calorific value	5.43E+00	5.38E+00	0.00E+00	2.29E-03	1.82E-02	1.20E-03	-1.16E+00
Use of non- renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	1.21E+02	1.21E+02	0.00E+00	1.34E-01	3.22E-01	7.55E-02	-8.77E+00
Use of non- renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Total use of non- renewable primary energy resources (primary energy and primary energy resources used as raw materials)	MJ, net calorific value	1.21E+02	1.21E+02	0.00E+00	1.34E-01	3.22E-01	7.55E-02	-8.77E+00
Use of secondary material	kg	2.99E-02	3.00E-02	0.00E+00	6.20E-05	3.37E-04	2.71E-05	-9.99E-04
Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ, net calorific value	2.20E-04	3.10E-04	0.00E+00	7.84E-07	1.09E-05	5.07E-07	-2.58E-06
Use of non renewable secondary fuels	MJ, net calorific value	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Use of net fresh water	m <sup>3</sup>	9.10E-02	9.11E-02	0.00E+00	1.86E-05	2.13E-03	-1.11E-03	-4.31E-03

**WASTE PRODUCTION and OUTPUT FLOWS *per 1 kg of DPG***

Impact category	Unit	A1-A3 bigbag	A1-A3 cans	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Hazardous waste	kg	2.93E-01	2.93E-01	0.00E+00	1.95E-04	6.85E-02	1.36E-04	-1.24E-02
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	8.72E+00	8.76E+00	0.00E+00	4.12E-03	7.97E-01	1.49E+00	-9.04E-01
Radioactive waste disposed/stored	kg	1.48E-04	1.48E-04	0.00E+00	4.31E-08	3.24E-07	2.01E-08	-3.49E-05
Components for re-use	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Materials for recycling	kg	1.44E-03	1.44E-03	0.00E+00	1.02E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	-2.06E-04
Materials for energy recovery	kg	5.54E-06	5.55E-06	0.00E+00	8.60E-09	7.00E-01	0.00E+00	-9.35E-08
Exported energy - electricity	MJ per energy carrier	1.07E-01	1.07E-01	0.00E+00	2.30E-05	2.28E+00	0.00E+00	-3.67E-04
Exported energy - heat	MJ per energy carrier	4.28E-02	4.29E-02	0.00E+00	3.33E-05	4.45E+00	0.00E+00	-8.48E-04

## Chart of LCA results in life cycle phases



Method: EN 15804 +A2 LCIA & LCI indicators V1.00 / EN 15804 official / Characterization  
Analyzing 1 p 'DPG BB';

### Other Environmental Performance Indicators

None included

### Additional Environmental Information

Product-related or management system-related certifications:

ISO 14001:2025, ISO 9001:2015, ISO 45001:2018, ISO 50001:2018, ICMC, Responsible Care

More information, including: *Sustainability report* you can find on

<https://www.draslovka.com/sustainability>

### Additional Social and Economic Information

The Committee for HR Matters and Remuneration assists the Board of Directors in human resources and remuneration matters. More information can be found on <https://www.draslovka.com/social>

### Information Related to Sector EPD

Not applicable

### References

ISO 14040/44/ DIN EN ISO 14040:2006-10, Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework (ISO14040:2006) and Requirements and guidelines (ISO 14044:2006)

ISO 14044:2006-10, Environmental Management — Life Cycle Assessment — Requirements and Instructions (ISO 14044:2006); EN ISO 14044:2006

ISO 14020:2022 Environmental statements and programmes for products — Principles and general requirements

ISO 14025/ DIN EN ISO 14025:2009-11: Environmental labels and declarations - Type III environmental declarations — Principles and procedures

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019/AC:2021, Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the construction products product category

/Ecoinvent / Ecoinvent Centre, [www.ecoinvent.org](http://www.ecoinvent.org)

/SimaPro/ SimaPro LCA Software, Pré Consultants, the Netherlands, [www.pre-sustainability.com](http://www.pre-sustainability.com)